

## Summer 1 – Judaism: What are important times for Jewish people?

<u>Key Vocabulary</u>		<u>Core Knowledge</u>	<u>Key Facts</u>	
<b>Covenant</b>	a formal agreement between two 'parties', indicating a relationship between them e.g. God and his people, a married couple.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• that covenants are promises that God made with his people.</li> <li>• that the Ten Commandments formed the basis of God's covenant with Moses.</li> <li>• that mitzvot are Jewish laws, which guide Jewish people on how to live a good life.</li> <li>• that Jews mark stages in life [milestones] through special ceremonies such as Bar / Bat Mitzvah and weddings.</li> <li>• that the Shema contains very important words from the Torah and helps Jewish people know how to live.</li> <li>• that Pesach (Passover) and Sukkot are Jewish 'foot festivals' are linked to stories and special objects.</li> <li>• about the importance of the home and the synagogue during Shabbat and how different Jewish people might interpret Shabbat rules.</li> </ul>	<b>The 10 Commandments</b>	(Ten mitzvot) are the basis of the rules for living for Jewish people. These were given to Moses by God on Mount Sinai as a sign of his covenant promise.
<b>Ketubah</b>	a Jewish marriage contract, containing promises made by the couple to each other.		<b>Shema</b>	Is the first prayer in the Torah. The words speak about how Jewish people should honour God with all their 'hearts, minds, soul and strength'.
<b>Bar / Bat Mitzvah</b>	the rite of passage marking commitment to the Jewish (synagogue) community.		<b>Pesach (Passover)</b>	Is a Jewish Springtime festival (one of the three foot festivals) which commemorates the Exodus – where God rescued the Israelites from slavery in Egypt.
<b>Rite of Passage / Milestone</b>	a special time to mark a stage in life e.g. birth or marriage.		<b>Promised Land</b>	Is the land of Israel. God promised that this would be the home for Abraham and all his descendants.
<b>Shabbat</b>	the day of rest for Jewish people. Sabbath is another word people use.		<b>Torah</b>	Meaning 'the Law' or 'teachings'. It is also the name of the Holy book for Jews. Like the Bible is for Christians.
<b>Foot festival</b>	yearly festivals that Jewish people (in the past) were obliged to travel to Jerusalem for.			
<u>Prior Knowledge</u>		<u>Key Question</u>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Torah is a special holy book for Jews. It is linked to the part of the Bible that Christians call the 'Old Testament'.</li> <li>• Shabbat is a time set apart from the rest of the week for Jews to rest. (It is also the 4th of the Ten Commandments.)</li> </ul>		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>What are important milestones for us? What is a Bar/ Bat Mitzvah and why is it important for many Jewish people?</b></li> <li>2. <b>What marriage promises do Jewish couples make? What impact might a ketubah have on the way that the couple live as a part of their community?</b></li> <li>3. <b>How are 'foot' festivals used to remind Jewish people of God's faithfulness?</b></li> <li>4. <b>What does it mean for different types of Jewish people to celebrate Shabbat? What impact might this have on Jewish ways of life?</b></li> <li>5. <b>What are important times for Jewish people?</b></li> </ol>		